

DiSSCO

Distributed System of Scientific Collections

openDS

open
Digital
Specimens



Update for CETAF ISTC & DWG, April 2021

Alex Hardisty
26 April 2021

CARDIFF
UNIVERSITY
PRIFYSGOL
CAERDYDD

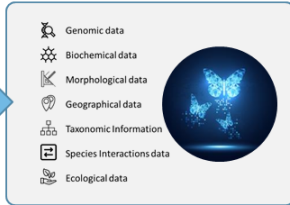


DIGITAL SPECIMENS# (DS) PROVIDE AN ANCHORING FUNCTION FOR ALL KINDS OF DATA FROM PHYSICAL SPECIMENS

Physical Object



Digital Specimen digital object



An actionable information unit on the Internet. FAIR by

Data locked up in physical specimens is released through digitization, analytical, and computational methods.

Digital Specimens (DS) act as processable twins on the Internet for physical specimens in collections.

They can be manipulated remotely across a network by machines and humans.



What is a Digital Specimen? <https://bit.ly/DigitalSpecimen>. default
Also, Lannom et al., 2020 https://doi.org/10.1162/dint_a_00034.



BIODIVERSITY COLLECTIONS NETWORK

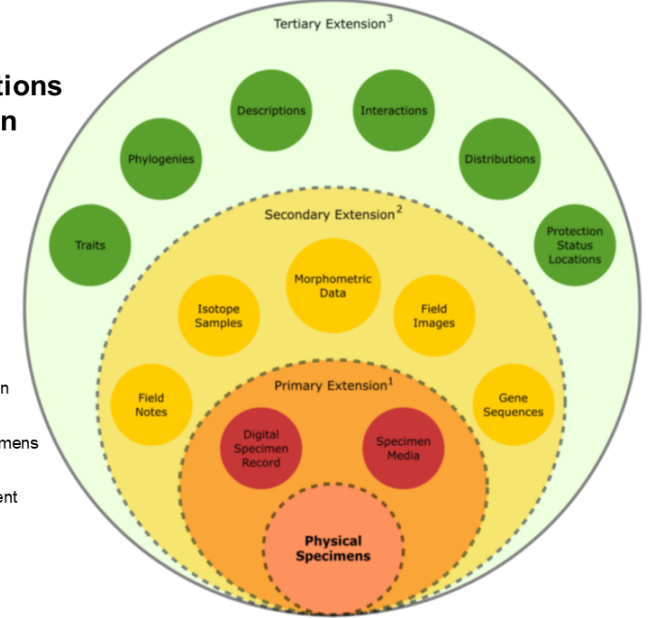
Extending U.S. Biodiversity Collections to Promote Research and Education

“Extended specimens will form the core of a powerful Extended Specimen Network, or ESN”

Physical specimen

- 1 Primary Extension:
Digitized metadata/CMS record + images, etc. held by collection
- 2 Secondary Extension:
Data held by institution. Often disconnected from original specimens
- 3 Tertiary Extension:
Data in other repositories, linked by e.g., taxon or gathering event


Lendemer et al. (2020) The extended specimen network: A strategy to enhance US biodiversity collections, promote research and education. doi: [10.1093/biosci/biz140](https://doi.org/10.1093/biosci/biz140).



DISCO DIGITAL SPECIMENS[#] (DS) PROVIDE AN ANCHORING FUNCTION FOR ALL KINDS OF DATA FROM PHYSICAL SPECIMENS

Distributed System of Scientific Collections

Physical Object



Digital Specimen digital object

- Genomic data
- Biochemical data
- Morphological data
- Geographical data
- Taxonomic Information
- Species Interactions data
- Ecological data


An actionable information unit on the Internet. FAIR by default

What is a Digital Specimen? <https://bit.ly/DigitalSpecimen>. default
Also, Lannom et al., 2020 https://doi.org/10.1162/dint_a_00034.

Data locked up in physical specimens is released through digitization, analytical, and computational methods.

Digital Specimens (DS) act as processable twins on the Internet for physical specimens in collections.

They can be manipulated remotely across a network by machines and humans.



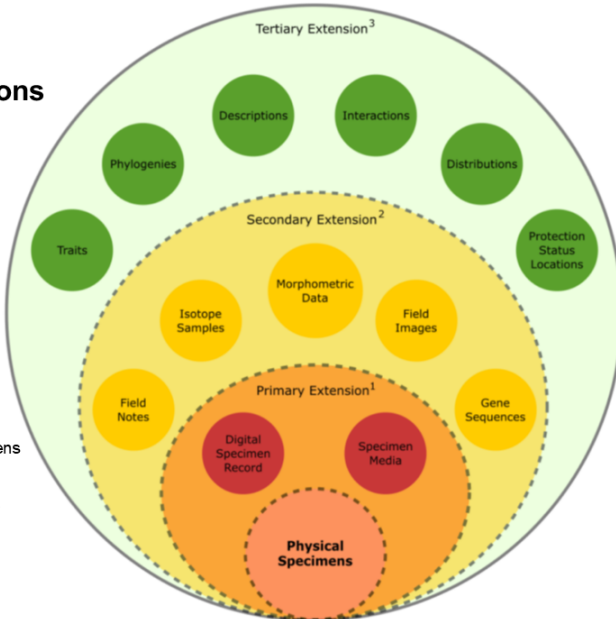
BIODIVERSITY COLLECTIONS NETWORK

Extending U.S. Biodiversity Collections to Promote Research and Education

“Extended specimens will form the core of a powerful Extended Specimen Network, or ESN”

Physical specimen

- 1 Primary Extension: Digitized metadata/CMS record + images, etc. held by collection
- 2 Secondary Extension: Data held by institution. Often disconnected from original specimens
- 3 Tertiary Extension: Data in other repositories, linked by e.g., taxon or gathering event



Lendemer et al. (2020) The extended specimen network: A strategy to enhance US biodiversity collections, promote research and education. doi: [10.1093/biosci/biz140](https://doi.org/10.1093/biosci/biz140).

Global consultation: Converging Digital Specimens and Extended Specimens

<http://bit.ly/consultdes> - Towards a global specification for data integration

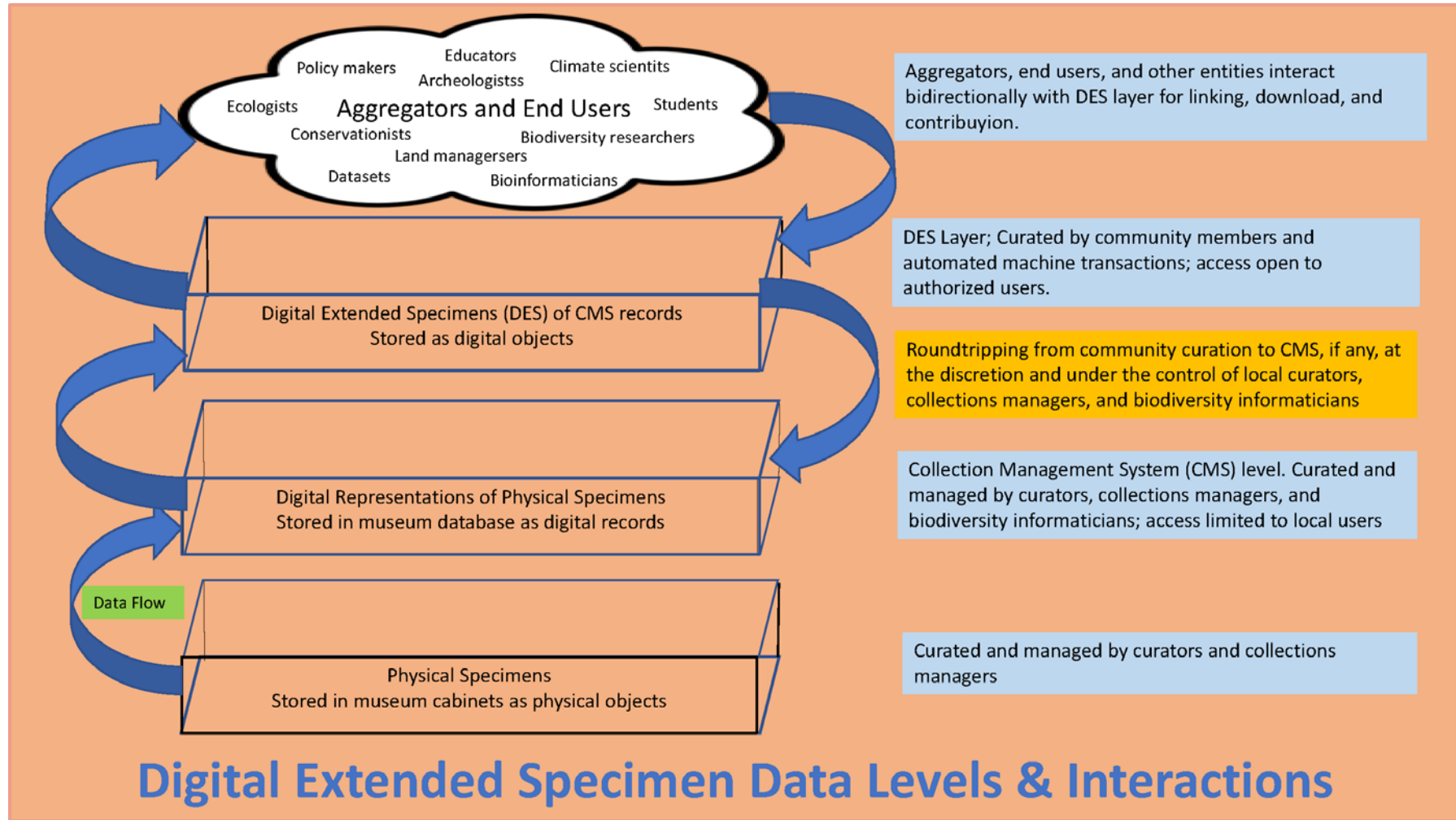
Phase 1 topics:

- Making FAIR data for specimens accessible
- Extending, enriching and integrating data
- Annotating specimens and other data
- Attributing work done
- Analysing / mining specimen data for novel applications

Phase 2 topics (May/June, * moderators needed):

- Well-founded access points and data cyberinfrastructure alignment
- Persistent identifier (PID) scheme(s)
- Meeting legal/regulatory, ethical and sensitive data obligations *
- Workforce capacity development and inclusivity *
- Transactional mechanisms and provenance
- Partnerships to collaborate more effectively

OUTCOME OF PHASE 1: STRONG CONSENSUS. POTENTIAL FOR CONVERGENCE OF DS & ES IDEAS. ACHIEVABLE.



Work underway on two explanatory articles

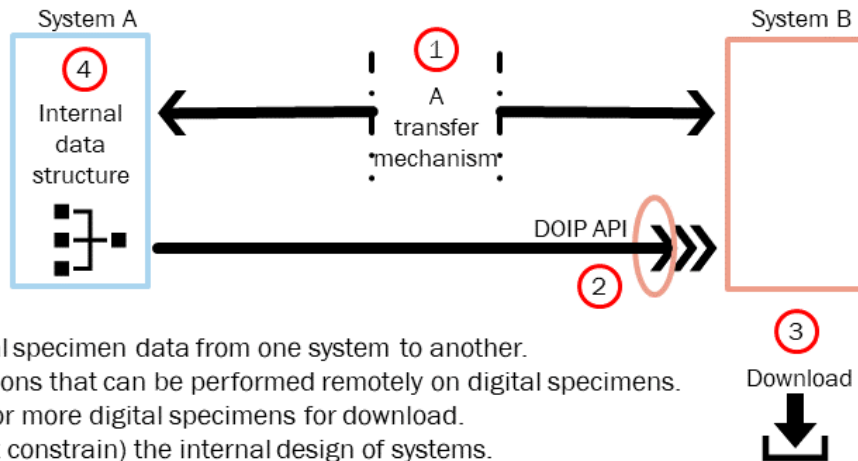
1. Towards a common concept for Digital extended Specimens on the Internet.

2. Beyond Collection Management Systems: A Global Digital Object Architecture Design to Address Extended Specimen Based Research

Source: Gil Nelson (University of Florida, iDigBio). Final version will be improved and corrected.

OPENDS,

WHAT DOES OPENDS ALLOW US TO DO?

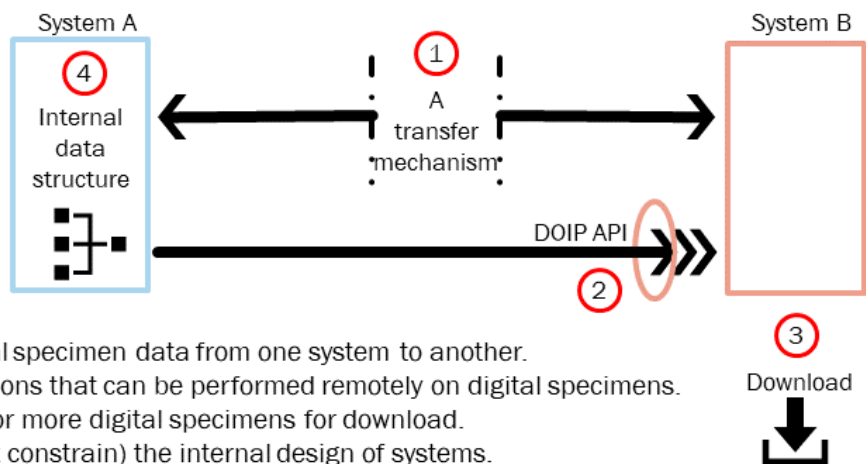


1. Transfer digital specimen data from one system to another.
2. Define operations that can be performed remotely on digital specimens.
3. Package one or more digital specimens for download.
4. Guide (but not constrain) the internal design of systems.

- Standardized for exchange between computer systems and for interoperability between software modules. Standardized to allow operations to act on DS remotely and to allow machines to process DS, as well as humans.
- FAQ: <http://bit.ly/opendsfaq>.
- Github: <https://github.com/DiSSCo/openDS>

OPENDS, PAST 12 MONTHS

WHAT DOES OPENDS ALLOW US TO DO?

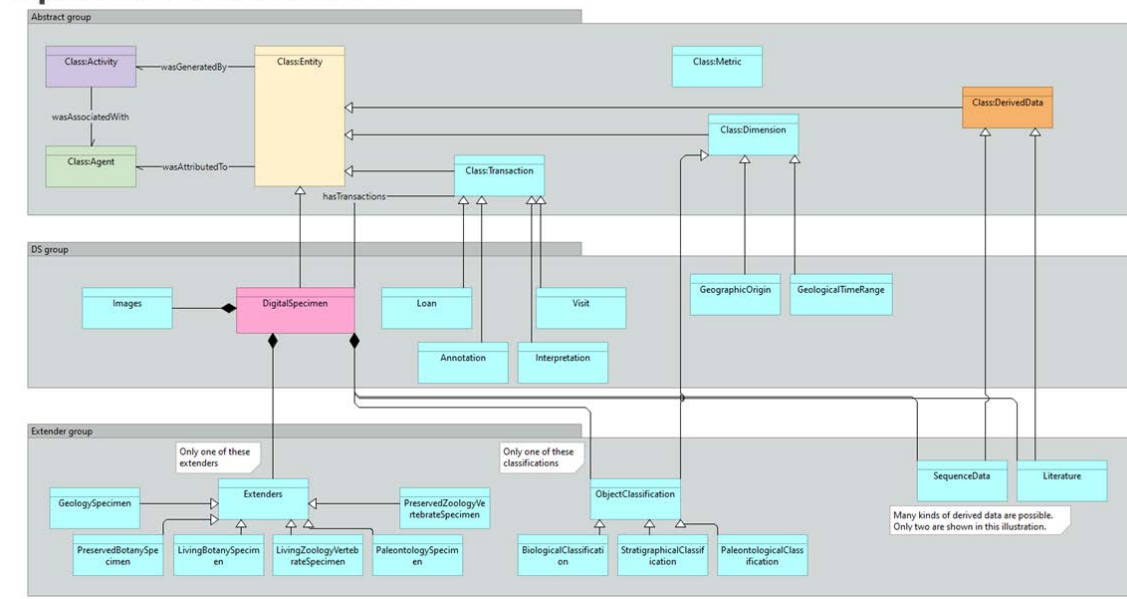


1. Transfer digital specimen data from one system to another.
2. Define operations that can be performed remotely on digital specimens.
3. Package one or more digital specimens for download.
4. Guide (but not constrain) the internal design of systems.

- Standardized for exchange between computer systems and for interoperability between software modules. Standardized to allow operations to act on DS remotely and to allow machines to process DS, as well as humans.
- FAQ: <http://bit.ly/opendsfaq>.
- Github: <https://github.com/DiSSCo/openDS>

(SEEKING CONTRIBUTIONS)

openDS DATA MODEL



- Positioning openDS relative to existing: Darwin Core and ACBD/EFG, RDA Rec. Attribution Metadata & W3C PROV, OBO Foundry ontologies, heritage sector stds (CIDOC CRM)
- First JSON schemas appearing
Now need two running implementations to interoperate with one another

THANK YOU

- To contribute to the work: <https://github.com/DiSSCo/openDS>
- To become involved, email: hardistyar@cardiff.ac.uk

- **Questions? Discussion.**